M48, M48A3, M48A5 & M48A5 MOLF tanks & M88A1 ARV in Hellenic and Cypriot service

The first M48 tanks were delivered to the Hellenic Army in 1963. In 2012 it is still in service in the M48A5 MOLF version. It is the longest serving tank in the Greek arsenal and one of the most popular with crews and mechanics.

The first tanks were delivered in overall Olive Drab and their only markings were the Hellenic Army number plates, and their bridge classification markings. The chassis number was originally stenciled on the tanks' bow.

Photo: T. Metsovitis collection



In 1976 the MERDC four colour camouflage was adopted for Hellenic Army vehicles. The American patterns were used as reference but only loosely followed. The use of national insignia on the turret begun at the same time.

NOTE: The markings above can be used for a camouflaged M48 omitting decal 25 and with the addition of national insignia, decals 6.

In the late 1970s there were more than 800 tanks of the type in service and they begun to be rebuilt and modernised to

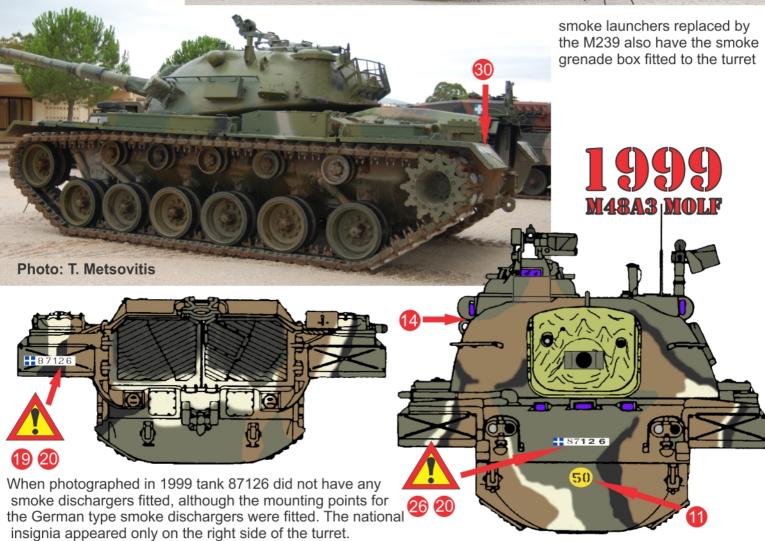
M48A3 and M48A5 standards. Additional M48A2C tanks were delivered from Bundeswehr stocks and also M48A5s from the US National Guard. Following the signing of the CFE treaty in 1990 the Hellenic Army kept 700 M48A5 tanks as well as 15 M48A3 which would be used for training to make use of the large stockpile of 90mm ammunition that was available. In 1992 the type was further upgraded to MOLF (MOdular Laser Fire control) standard.





This M48A5 MOLF was serving with the Armour School at Avlona in 2011. The brown in its camouflage had been replaced by Olive Drab. The national insignia only appeared on the right side of the turret. All M48A5 MOLF tanks that have had the German







Tank 87205 had M239 smoke dischargers fitted. Its markings were in the same positions as shown here with





Photo: S. Markides



Photo: S. Markides

National Guard armoured vehicles to carry a Cypriot flag on the left side and a Greek flag on the right side.

NOTE: Markings 39, 40 and 41 need a white background. This can be painted prior to the application of the decals using the mask template provided on the last page of these instructions.





There were no national insignia on the turret of this tank.

Markings (STEP HERE) and (SUSPEND HERE) appear on some tanks in Cyprus. It is common practice during exercises to obscure vehicle number plates with mud as illustrated in the bottom right sketch. Mud is also commonly used as additional camouflage overall.

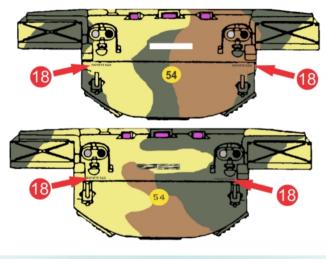


Photo: T. Metsovitis collection

1984 M88A1

This M88A1 in service with the Armour School was a regular at military parades in Athens standing by in case of problems. Later in its career it was repainted again in a four-colour camouflage but in a different pattern.

noto: T. Metsovitis





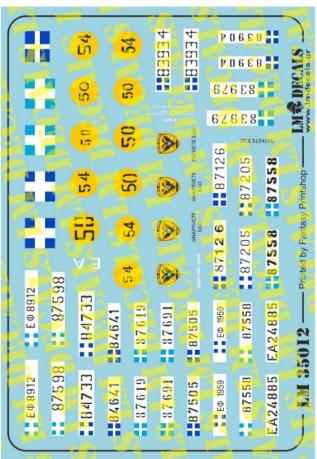
Some vehicles remained in an overall CARC green for a few years. Later on these too were repainted in the four colour MERDC camouflage.

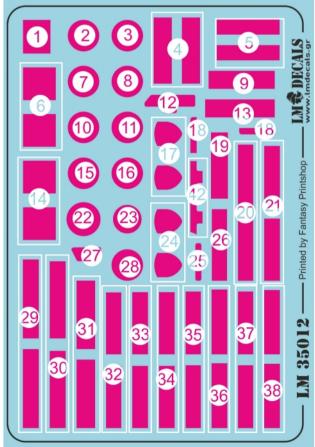
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ATTENTION!

This symbol indicates that alternative markings are applicable in this position **OR** that the same marking is applicable to more than one colour scheme.









NOTE: The template on the left can be printed on paper and cut out. To make the template waterproof cover in adhesive tape. It is for the white background needed for markings 39, 40 and 41.



NOTE

The markings above have been printed on a digital Sol-Ink printer by DecalPrint.de. The modeller should treat these with extra care and cut as close as possible to the design because the carrier film extends over the complete decal paper.